

APPLIED MATHEMATICS WITH OCEANOLOGY AND
COMPUTER PROGRAMMING

M.Sc. Fourth Semester End Examination-2024

[Regular & Supplementary Paper]

PAPER-MTM-401

[Functional Analysis]

Full Marks: 50

Time: 02 Hrs

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

*Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words
as far as practicable*

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

1. Answer any four questions of the following: $4 \times 2 = 8$

- In any inner product space X , prove that if the closed unit ball is compact then X is finite dimensional.
- Show that $(T_1 T_2)^* = T_2^* T_1^*$.
- Show that in a Hilbert space strong convergence of a sequence implies weak convergence.
- Prove that Apollonius identity

$$\|z - x\|^2 + \|z - y\|^2 = \frac{1}{2}\|x - y\|^2 + 2\left\|z - \frac{1}{2}(x + y)\right\|^2.$$

- Let H be a Hilbert space and fix $y \in H$. Define $f(x) = \langle x, y \rangle$ for all $x \in H$. Find $\|f\|$.
- State the Riesz representation theorem.

(2)

2. Answer any four questions of the following: 4x4= 16

- a) Let E be a measurable subset of \mathbb{R} and for $t \in E$, let $x_t(t) = t$. Let $X = \{x \in L^2(E) : x_t, x \in L^2(E)\}$ and $F : X \rightarrow L^2(E)$ be defined by $F(x) = x_t, x$. Show that if $E = [a, b]$, then F is continuous, but if $E = \mathbb{R}$, then F is not continuous.
- b) In a real Hilbert space if $\|x\| = \|y\|$ Show that $(x + y, x - y) = 0$
Interpret the result geometrically if H is Euclidean 2-space \mathbb{R}^2 .
- c) Let X be a normed space and X_0 be a closed subspace of X . If $x \in X$, then x does not belong to X_0 if and only if there exist a non-zero linear functional $\phi \in X^*$ such that $\phi(x) \neq 0$ and $\phi(y) = 0$ for all $y \in X_0$.
- d) If T is a bounded linear operator from Hilbert space X to itself satisfying $(Tx, x) = 0$ for all x in X then show that T is a zero operator.
- e) Let $T : H \rightarrow H$ be self adjoint operator. Show that all eigen values of T are real and eigen vectors corresponding to different eigen values of T are orthogonal
- f) Let H be a Hilbert space and $E \subset H$. Prove that $\overline{\text{span}(E)} = E^{\perp\perp}$

(3)

Answer any two questions of the following: 2x8=16

3. a) Let Y be a subspace of X and $g : Y \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ be a continuous linear functional. Show that the set of all Hahn-Banach extensions of g to X is a nonempty, convex, closed and bounded subset of X^* .
- b) Let $X = C^1[0, 1]$ be equipped with the norm $\|x\| = \|x\|_{\infty} + \|x'\|_{\infty}$ and $Y = C[0, 1]$ be equipped with a supremum norm $\|x\|_{\infty}$. Check whether the linear operator $F : X \rightarrow Y$ defined by $F(x) = x$ is continuous. 5+3
4. a) If $T : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$ defined by $T(x, y) = (x \cos \theta - y \sin \theta, x \sin \theta + y \cos \theta)$
Show that T is bounded linear transformation and $\|T\| = 1$
- b) Let Z be a fixed member in a Hilbert space H . Show that $f(x) = (x, Z)$ for all $x \in H$ is a bounded linear functional over H with $\|f\| = \|Z\|$. 4+4
5. a) State the open mapping theorem. Explain why $Tx = \sin x + \cos x$ is not an open mapping from \mathbb{R} to \mathbb{R} .
- b) If parallelogram holds in a Banach space. Show that it is a Hilbert space. 4+4

(4)

6. a) Let $T : l^2 \rightarrow l^2$ be given by

$$T(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, \dots) = \left(x_1, \frac{1}{2}x_2, \dots, \frac{1}{n}x_n, \dots \right).$$

Is T bounded? Is the range of T complete (as a subspace of l^2)?

b) Let X be a normed space and $f : X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ be linear. If f is discontinuous, show that $f(B_1) = \mathbb{C}$, where B_1 denotes the open ball centred at 0.

5+3

[Internal Assessment – 10]
