

2022

PHILOSOPHY

(HONOURS)

(B.A. Second Semester End Examination -2022)

Paper - CC4

Full Marks : 60

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own
words as far as practicable.*

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Group-A

Answer any ten questions of the following. 2×10=20

1. 'There is nothing in the intellect that was not previously in the sense' – Who said this and why?
2. "There is no Inmate Ideas" – Who said this and why?
3. What, according to Locke, are the sources of knowledge?

(Turn Over)

(2)

4. What does Locke understand by 'reflection'?
5. Why is Locke's theory of representative realism called iron curtain theory?
6. How does Locke distinguish between primary and secondary qualities?
7. What is testary quality, according to Locke?
8. How does Hume distinguish between impression and idea?
9. "Tabularasa or clean state" – who said this and why?
10. What is meant by Idealism?
11. What is Solipsism?
12. Define impression and ideas, according to Hume.
13. Distinguish between analytic and synthetic judgement?
14. What is a priori Judgements? Give an example.
15. What is a-posteriori Judgements? Give an example.

(3)

Group-B

Answer any four questions of the following : 4×5=20

16. Consider how far Locke's empiricism is 'rationalistic'.
17. In what way, according to Locke, primary qualities are superior to Secondary qualities?
18. "Esse-est percipi" –Who said this? What is the real meaning of it? Does it lead to solipsism?
19. 'God is always perceiving everything'—comment on this assertion of Barkely.
20. What are the difference between relations of ideas and matters of fact? Discuss.
21. How does Hume distinguish between Knowledge concerning relations of Ideas and knowledge concerning matters of fact?
22. Explain and examine Kant's theory of Copernican revolution.

(4)

Group - C

23. How does Locke refute innate ideas? Explain and examine.
24. Explain and examine "representative realism" after Locke.
25. Explain Barkeley's refutation of Abstract ideas.
26. Explain and examine Hume's doctrine of casuality.