#### 2022

#### **Mathematics**

## [Generic]

# (B.Sc. Second Semester End Examination-2022) PAPER-MTM GE201

(Differential equation & Differential Calculus - II)

Full Marks: 60

Time: 03 Hrs

The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as

far as practicable

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary

#### Group-A

## [Differential equation]

### 1. Answer any four questions:

4x2 = 8

- a) Find the Wronskian of the set  $\{1-x, 1+x, 1-3x\}$
- b) Write the principle of superposition of linear differential equation.
- c) Solve the equations  $\frac{dx}{myz} = \frac{dy}{nzx} = \frac{dz}{pxy}$
- d) Find the general solution of the *ODE*  $\frac{d^2x}{dx^2} \frac{2dy}{dx} + 10y = 0$
- e) Find the particular solution of the differential equation  $(D^2 + 3aD 4a^2)y = 0 y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2$

(3)

- f) Define ordinary point and singular point of a differential equations  $a_0(x)\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + a_1(x)\frac{dy}{dx} + a_2(x)y = 0$
- g) Show that x=1 and x=3 are the ordinary point and the singular points of the equation

$$x(3-x)\frac{d^{2}y}{dx^{2}} - (3-x)\frac{dy}{dx} + 5xy = 0$$

#### 2. Answer any two questions:

2x5 = 10

- a) Solve  $(D^2 + 3D + 2)y = e^{2x}Sinx$
- b) Solve  $(D^2 + 4D + 1)y = x^2 2x + 2$  by using the method of undetermined coefficients.
- c) Solve by the method of variation of parameters

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{1}{x^2}y = x + Sixx, (x > 0)$$
 It being given

that y = x and y = 1/x are two linearly independent solutions of the associated homogeneous differential equation.

#### 3. Answer any one question:

1x10 = 10

a) i) Find the series solution of the differential equation  $x^2 \frac{d^2 y}{dx^2} + x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0 \text{ around the point } x = 1$ 

ii) Solve 
$$\frac{x dx}{z^2 - 2yz - y^2} = \frac{dy}{y + z} = \frac{dz}{y - z}$$

iii)Solve 
$$(D^4 - n^4)y = 0$$

- b) i) Find the general solution of the  $ODE \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} 3\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = e^{3x}$ 
  - ii) Solve by the method of undetermined coefficients  $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + 4y = 3\sin x$

## Group B [Differential Calculus – II]

#### 4. Answer any four questions:

4x2 = 8

- a) State Rolle's theorem.
- b) Find from definition, the partial derivative of the function  $f(x, y) = x^2 \log y$  w.r. to x at the point (1,2)
- c) Show that the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 2x + 1)^{3/2}}$  has no derivative at  $\gamma = 1$
- d) Find at x=1 what values of x the function  $f(x) = 12x^5 45x^4 + 40x^3 + 1 \forall x \in \mathbb{R} \text{ has maximum or minimum.}$
- e) If f'(x) = g'(x) in [a,b], then show that f(x) = g(x) is equal or not.
- f) State Schwarz theorem on commutatine property of mixed derivative.
- g) What is directional derivative?
- h) Verify  $\frac{Lt}{(x,y) \to (0,0)} \frac{2x^2y}{x^2+y^2}$  exist or not.

i) If  $f(x) = \tan x$ , then  $f(0) = 0 = f(\pi)$ . Is Rolle's theorem applicable to f(x) in  $[0, \pi]$ 

#### 5. Answer any two questions:

.2x5 = 10

a) Let  $f(x, y) = xy \text{ if } |x| \ge |y|.$ = -xy if |x| < |y|.

Show that  $f_{xy}(0,0) \neq f_{yx}(0,0)$ .

- b) Stagte and prove Lang range Mean value theorem.
- c) Expand sin x as an infinite series in power of x by the use of Maclaurin's theorem.

#### 6. Answer any one question:

1x10 = 10

a) i) State and prove Euler's theorem on homogeneous function of two variables.

Prove that  $\frac{Lt}{x \to 0} \frac{Lt}{y \to 0} \frac{x - y}{x + y} \neq \frac{Lt}{y \to 0} \frac{Lt}{x \to 0} \frac{x - y}{x + y}.$ 

- ii) Verify Rolle's theorem for f(x) = 1 |x-1| on [0,2].
- b) i) For the function  $f(x,y) = \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x y}, x \neq y$ = 0, x = y

Prove that f(x,y) is not continuous at (0,0) but  $\frac{df}{dx}, \frac{df}{dy}$  exist at

(0,0)

ii) Find the maximum and minimum value of  $\sin x \ (1+\cos x)$  in  $[0,2\pi]$