B.Sc. RNLKWC(A)-/C13T/22

Total Pages - 5

2022

CHEMISTRY

[Honours]

B.Sc. Sixth Semester End Examination - 2022
PAPER - C13T

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

Group - A

1. Answer any five questions:-

 $5\times2=10$

- (i) Give two examples of electron transport protein mentioning their active site structure.
- (ii) What is 'Trigger mechanism'?
- (iii) What is 'insertion reaction'? Give example.
- (iv) [n⁵-CpOs(CO)₂]₂ has an Os-Os single bond and obey 18 electrons rule. Find out the value of 'x'.

(Turn Over)

- (v) What is the importance of 'CuCl,' in 'Wacker process'.
- (vi) Define 'Synergic effect'.
- (vii) What is CFAE?
- (viii) $[NiXL_5]^++H_2O \longrightarrow [NiL_5H_2O]^{2+} + x^-$ is much faster if 'L' is 'NH₃' instead of 'H₂O' explain.
- 2. Answer any four questions.

4×5=20

(i) (a) For the following reaction, find the metal complexes X and Y.

$$Ni \xrightarrow{CO(g)} X$$

$$FeCl_2 + 2NaC_5H_5 \longrightarrow Y$$

(b) Comment on the C-C bond length of the olefin in the following complexes.

$$[pt(pph_3)_2 (n^2-C_2H_4)]; [pt(pph_3)_2 (n^2-C_2(CN)_4)] 2+3$$

- (ii) (a) Applying Trans effect prepare cis-and trans-isomers of [pt(NH₃)₂Cl₂] starting from [ptCl₄]²⁻ and [pt(NH₃)₄]²⁺ ions respectively.
 - (b) What are the differences between 'pump' and 'channel'? 3+2

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(Continued)

- (iii) Draw the active structure of 'deoxy' and 'oxy' Hemocyanin. Compare their color and magnetic property. What is the driving force for oxygen uptaking to deoxy hemo-cyanin.
- (iv) (a) [ptCl(dien)]⁺ + I⁻ → [pt I(diene)]⁺+Cl⁻ considering the above equation predict the path of the reaction when

(I) rate =
$$K_1[\{\text{pt cl(dien})\}^+]$$

(II) rate =
$$K_{2}[\{pt \ cl(dien)\}^{+}][I^{-}]$$

K₁, K₂ are the rate constants in two paths.

- (b) Compare the magnetic behaviour of deoxy hemogrobin and oxy-hemoglobin. 3+2
- (v) (a) Match the $[Rh(CO)(phosphine)_2Cl]$ complexes with their corresponding CO streaching frequency (γ_0, cm^{-1}) .

phospine	$\gamma_0 (\text{cm}^{-1})$
$P(C_6F_5)$	1923
$P(p-C_6H_4F)_3$	1965
$P(p-C_6H_4Me)_3$	1984
$p(t-C_4H_9)_3$	2004

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(Turn Over)

- (b) Find the total no. of M-M bond present in Ru₃(CO)₁₂ and Co₄(CO)₁₂.
- (vi) (a) What is meant by active transport in Sodium Potassium pump?
 - (b) Give a diagramatic presentation of the process and explain the mechanism involved. 2+3=5

3. Answer any one question.

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- (i) (a) The Wacker process is used for the synthesis of aldehyde and Ketones from alkenes using a Palladium Catalyst in aquous medium. How would you prepare acetone from 1-propene? Write a suitable mechanism.
 - (b) What will be the expected product from Wacker process be if the reaction is carried out in (I) methanol medium and (II) a hydrocarbon medium.
 - (c) What is 'Bohr effect'? Defind 'co-operative interaction. 4+2+4
- (ii) (a) When one CO group is replaced by pph₃ in [Cr(CO)₆], which one of the following statement is true. Give explanation for your answer.

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- (I) The Cr-C bond length increases and Co bond length decreases.
- (II) Both Cr-C and CO bond length decreases.
- (III) The Cr-C bond length decrease and CO bond length increases.
- (IV) Both the Cr-C and CO bond length increases.
- (b) How will you remove lead from human body by chelation therapy?
- (c) Explain why Sq. planar complexes prefer an associative mode of activation?
- (d) Identify A to D $Cp_2Fe \xrightarrow{CICH_2CH_2CI} A \xrightarrow{AICI_3} B \xrightarrow{heat} C \xrightarrow{Cp_3Fe} D$
- (e) What is Ziegler-Natta Catalyst. 3+1+2+2+2

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